Internal Revenue Code Section 25C(d)(3)(E)
Nonbusiness energy property

(d) Residential energy property expenditures. For purposes of this section—

   (3) Energy-efficient building property. The term "energy-efficient building property"
   means—

   (A) an electric heat pump water heater which yields an energy factor of at
       least 2.0 in the standard Department of Energy test procedure,

   (B) an electric heat pump which achieves the highest efficiency tier
       established by the Consortium for Energy Efficiency, as in effect on
       January 1, 2009,

   (C) a central air conditioner which achieves the highest efficiency tier
       established by the Consortium for Energy Efficiency, as in effect on
       January 1, 2009,

   (D) a natural gas, propane, or oil water heater which has either an energy
       factor of at least 0.82 or a thermal efficiency of at least 90 percent.

   (E) a stove which uses the burning of biomass fuel to heat a dwelling unit
       located in the United States and used as a residence by the taxpayer, or
       to heat water for use in such a dwelling unit, and which has a thermal
       efficiency rating of at least 75 percent, as measured using a lower
       heating value.